


MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of Preparation: January 2, 2013

Use in case of an emergency only (613) 996-6666

SECTION I - PRODUCT AND PREPARATION INFORMATION							1C259
	777 McKay Road Pickering, Ontario L1W 3A3 (905)683-0411		TRADE NAME: Wood Floor Sealer MANUFAC. CODE: 1C259 PRODUCT CLASS: UN 1263 PAINT RELATED MATERIAL CLASS 3 PG II WHIMIS CLASS: B D-2				
	Prepared by: Technical Committee						
SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS							
INGREDIENT	CAS NO.	%	NATURE OF HEALTH HAZARD AND ROUTE OF ENTRY	TYPE OF HAZARD	EXPOSURE LIMIT	SOURCE	OTHER HAZARDS
n-BUTYL ACETATE	123-86-4	5 - 10	HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT	ACUTE	150 PPM	TLV	POISON FLAMMABLE
METHANOL	67-56-1	1-5	HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT	ACUTE	200 PPM	TLV	
GLYCOL ETHER PM ACETATE	108-65-6	0.1-1	HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT	CHRONIC	50 PPM	PROV.	
ACETONE	67-64-1	10-30	HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT	ACUTE	750 PPM	TLV	
TERT-BUTYL ACETATE	540-88-5	10-30	HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT	ACUTE	200 PPM	TLV	
ISO PROPYL ALCOHOL	67-63-0	1 - 5	CAUSES IRRITATION	ACUTE	400 PPM	TLV	
TOLUENE	108-88-3	10-30	HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT	ACUTE	100 PPM	TLV	
ETHYL ALCOHOL	64-17-5	0.1-1	CAUSES IRRITATION	ACUTE	1000 PPM	TLV	
N-PROPYL ACETATE	109-60-4	1-5	HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT	ACUTE	200 PM	TLV	
NON-HAZARDOUS		15-40					
SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA							
ODOUR AND APPEARANCE		PH VALUE	PERCENT NON-VOLATILE BY WEIGHT		EVAPORATION RATE		
YELLOWISH CLEAR LIQUID			26.5 TO 28.5%		GREATER THAN BUTYL ACETATE		
SWEET, CAMPHOR-LIKE ODOUR							
BOILING POINT			FREEZING POINT		SPECIFIC GRAVITY		
57°C			Not Available		0.930		
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC)							
550 g/L							
SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS							
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION /		FLASHPOINT	HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS				
Class 3, Division 2		-18 °C	CARBON DIOXIDE, CARBON MONOXIDE				
		TAG CUP	EXTINGUISHING MEDIA				
			Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or any class B extinguishing agent				
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS							
Vapours may ignite explosively. Vapours may spread long distances. Prevent build-up of vapours. Extinguish all pilot lights and turn off heaters, non-explosion-proof electrical equipment and all other sources of ignition. Keep away from and do not store or use near heat, sparks or flames caused by such sources as electricity, static discharge, welding, grinding or flamecutting operation. Ground all equipment. Use spark-proof tools and conductive shoes to avoid sparking hazards.							
SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES							
Exposure to vapours or products of combustion should be avoided. Self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended. Vapours may form an explosive mixture with air. Closed containers may rupture when exposed to extreme heat.							

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SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA: TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES AND FIRST AID MEASURES		1C259
ACUTE EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE		EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES
<p>INHALATION: Excessive exposure to vapours or spray mists can result in headache, dizziness, incoordination and loss of consciousness. Irritation of the eyes, nose, throat and lungs can also occur when exposed to high vapour concentrations. Some reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent nervous system damage.</p> <p>EYE CONTACT: This material can cause eye irritation. The effects are usually reversible.</p> <p>SKIN CONTACT: This material may cause defatting and irritation of skin (Dermatitis) upon prolonged or repeated contact.</p> <p>INGESTION: Swallowing can cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and loss of consciousness.</p>	<p>INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air. Restore breathing. Treat symptomatically. Consult a physician.</p> <p>SPLASH (EYES): Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Take to a physician for medical treatment.</p> <p>SPLASH (SKIN): Wash affected areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing.</p> <p>INGESTION: Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water to dilute. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Consult a physician or Poison Control center immediately. Treat symptomatically.</p>	
CHRONIC EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE		IRRITANT SENSITIZER
n/av		YES: Skin and Eye YES: Skin
SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA		
STABILITY:		HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATIONS:
Stable		Will not occur
INCOMPATABILITY: (Materials to avoid)		CONDITIONS TO AVOID:
Oxidizing compounds		Vapour concentrations
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:		Ignition sources
None known		
SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES		
STEPS TO BE TAKEN in case material is Released or Spilled		WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD
Restrict access to area. Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Absorb spill with an absorbent material such as vermiculite or sand and place material into a closed container. If a large spill, dike area to prevent this material from entering water systems or sewers. Wear protective equipment during cleanup.		Dispose of this material in accordance with Federal, Provincial, and Municipal regulations.
SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION		
PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT		
PROTECTIVE GLOVES:		EYE PROTECTION:
Chemical resistant gloves made of Viton should be used. Gloves made of nitrile, neoprene or rubber may be used for exposure of short duration.		Chemical safety goggles should be worn to prevent eye contact. A face shield may also be necessary.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:		OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:
An organic vapour cartridge respiratory mask shall be worn to prevent the inhalation of vapours or spray mist when the TLB or PEL is exceeded. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete respiratory protection program. Refer to the CSA Standard Z94.4 M1982 "Selection, Care and Use of Respirators" available from the Canadian Standard Association, Rexdale, Ontario. M9W 1R3		Eye wash fountain and safety showers must be available in areas where this material is used. Wear protective clothing to prevent skin contact.
		ENGINEERING CONTROLS - VENTILATION:
		General (dilution) ventilation is required during normal use. Local exhaust ventilation may be required during certain operations to keep exposure level below the limit listed in Section II of this data sheet.
SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS		
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING		OTHER PRECAUTIONS
<p>STORAGE: Keep storage area separate from populated work areas. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, out of direct sunlight and away from incompatible materials and any source of ignition. Ventilation fans and electrical equipment should be non-sparking.</p> <p>HANDLING: Avoid prolonged or repeated inhalation of vapours or spray mist. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Ground and bond equipment and container to prevent a static charge build-up.</p> <p>ATTENTION: Emptied containers may retain hazardous residue and explosive vapours. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Do not cut puncture or weld near this container. Follow label warning until container is thoroughly cleaned or destroyed.</p>		DO NOT LOAD IN PASSENGER AIRCRAFT