Date of Preparation: January 2, 2013

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Use in case of an emergency only (613) 996-6666

SECTION I - PRODUCT AND PREPARATION INFORMATION

SCHWARTZ

777 McKay Road Pickering, Ontario

TRADE NAME:

HI SOLIDS LACQUER GLOSS

1C103

MANUFAC. CODE: 1C103

SCHWARTZ	Pickering, On				MANUFAC. CC	DDE:	1C103		
ADVANCED CHEMISTRY SOLUTIONS	L1W 3A3 (9	905)683-0	9411		PRODUCT CLA	ASS:	UN1263 PAINT RELATED CLASS 3 PACKING GROUP		
	Prepared by: Technical Committee				WHIMIS CLASS:		B D-2		
SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS									
INGREDIENT	CAS NO.	%	NATURE OF HEALTH HAZARD AND ROUTE OF ENTRY	TYPE OF HAZARD	EXPOSURE LIMIT	SOURCE	OTHER HAZARDS		
BUTYL ACETATE METHANOL GLYCOL ETHER PM ACETATE BUTANOL ISOPROPYL ACETATE ISO PROPYL ALCOHOL TOLUOL ETHYL ALCOHOL DIBUTYL PHTHALATE NON-HAZARDOUS	123-86-4 67-56-1 108-65-6 71-36-3 108-21-4 67-63-0 108-88-3 64-17-5 84-74-2	15-40 7 - 13 .5 - 1.5 .5 - 1.5 5 - 10 .5 - 1.5 30-60 3 - 7 1 - 5 15-40	HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT CAUSES IRRITATION HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT	ACUTE ACUTE CHRONIC ACUTE ACUTE ACUTE ACUTE ACUTE ACUTE	150 PPM 200 PPM 50 PPM 50 PPM 250 PPM 400 PPM 100 PPM 5 Mg/M3	PROV.	POISON ANEMIA		
SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA									
ODOUR AND APPEARANCE	PH VALUE	H VALUE PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME				EVAPORATION RATE			
ESTER	71% GREATER THAN BUTYL ACETATE								
CLEAR LIQUID									
BOILING POINT	VOC	FREEZING POINT			SPECIFIC GRAVITY				
64°C	692 g/L		<u>°C</u>		0.93				
SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZAI FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION /	FLASHPOINT	HAZADI	DOLIC COMPLICTION PRODUCTS						
Class 3, Division 2	5 °C								
JIG55 J, DIVISION 2	TAG CUP	CANDON DIOAIDE, CANDON MONOAIDE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA							
	IAGCOI		v chemical, carbon dioxide or any class B extinguishing ag	rent					

Vapours may ignite explosively. Vapours may spread long distances. Prevent build-up of vapours. Extinguish all pilot lights and turn off heaters, non-explosion-proof electrical equipment and all other sources of ignition. Keep away from and do not store or use near heat, sparks or flames caused by such sources as electricity, static discharge, welding, grinding or flamecutting operation. Ground all equipment. Use spark-proof tools and conductive shoes to avoid sparking hazards.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES

Exposure to vapours or products of combustion should be avoided. Self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended. Vapours may form an explosive mixture with air. Closed containers may rupture when exposed to extreme heat.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Date of Preparation: January 2, 2013

Use in case of an emergency only (613) 996-6666

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA: TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES AND FIRST AID MEASURES	1C103				
ACUTE EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDUES				
INHALATION: Excessive exposure to vapours or spray mists can result in headache, dizziness, incoordination and loss of consciousness. Irritation of the eyes, nose, throat and lungs can also occur when exposed to high vapour concentrations. Some reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent nervous system damage. EYE CONTACT: This material can cause eye irritation. The effects are usually reversible. SKIN CONTACT: This material may cause defatting and irritation of skin (Dermatitis) upon prolonged or repeated contact. INGESTION: Swallowing can cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and loss of consciousness. CHRONIC EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE n/av	INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air. Restore breathing. Treat symptomatically. Consult a physician. SPLASH (EYES): Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Take to a physician for medical treatment. SPLASH (SKIN): Wash affected areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. INGESTION: Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water to dilute. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Consult a physician or Poison Control center immediately. Treat symptomatically. IRRITANT SENSITIZER YES: Skin and Eye YES: Skin				
SECTION VI - REACTIVITIY DATA					
STABILITY: Stable INCOMPATABILITY: (Materials to avoid) Oxidizing compounds HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: None known	HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATIONS: Will not occur CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Vapour concentrations Ignition sources				
SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES					
STEPS TO BE TAKEN in case material is Released or Spilled	WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD				
Restrict access to area. Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Absorb spill with an absorbent material such as vermiculite or sand and place material into a closed container. If a large spill, dike area to prevent this material from entering water systems or sewers. Wear protective equipment during cleanup.	Dispose of this material in accordance with Federal, Provincial, and Municipal regulations.				
SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION					
PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT					
PROTECTIVE GLOVES:	EYE PROTECTION:				
Chemical reistant gloves made of Viton should be used. Gloves made of nitrile, neoprene or rubber may be used for exposure of short duration.	Chemical safety goggles should be worn to prevent eye contact. A face shield may also be necessary.				
	OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:				
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: An organic vapour cartridge respiratory mask shall be worn to prevent the inhalation of vapours or spray mist when	Eye wash fountain and safety showers must be available in areas where this material is used. Wear protective clothing to prevent skin contact.				
the TLB or PEL is exceeded. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete repiratory protection program.	ENGINEERING CONTROLS - VENTILATION:				
Refer to the CSA Standard Z94.4 M1982 "Selection, Care and Use of Respirators" available from the Candadian Standard Association, Rexdale, Ontario. M9W 1R3	General (dilution) ventilation is required during normal use. Local exhaust ventilation may be required during certain operations to keep exposure level below the limit listed in Section II of this data sheet.				
SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS					
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING	OTHER PRECAUTIONS				
STORAGE: Keep storage area separate from populated work areas. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, out of dire from incompatible materials and any source of ignition. Ventilation fans and electrical equipment should be not avoid prolonged or repeated inhalation of vapours or spray mist. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. equipment and container to prevent a static charge build-up. ATTENTION: Emptied containers may retain hazardous residue and explosive vapours. Keep away from heat, sparks and puncture or weld near this container. Follow label warning until container is thoroughly cleaned or destroyed.	non-sparking. Ground and bond d flames. Do not cut				