SCHWARTZ

Date of Preparation: January 2, 2013

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Use in case of an emergency only (613) 996-6666

SECTION I - PRODUCT AND PREPARATION INFORMATION

777 McKay Road

L1W 3A3 (905) 579-4760

Pickering, ON

TRADE NAME: HS 40° SHEEN CLEAR LACQUER
MANUFAC. CODE: 1C129

PRODUCT CLASS: UN1263 PAINT RELATED CLASS 3PACKING GROUP II

1C129

Prepared by: Technical Committee				WHIMIS CLAS	S:	B D-2		
SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS	SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS							
INGREDIENT	CAS NO.	%	NATURE OF HEALTH HAZARD AND ROUTE OF ENTRY	TYPE OF HAZARD	EXPOSURE LIMIT	SOURCE	OTHER HAZARDS	
BUTYL ACETATE METHANOL GLYCOL ETHER PM ACETATE BUTANOL ISOPROPYL ACETATE ISO PROPYL ALCOHOL TOLUOL ETHYL ALCOHOL DIBUTYL PHTHALATE NON-HAZARDOUS	123-86-4 67-56-1 108-65-6 71-36-3 108-21-4 67-63-0 108-88-3 64-17-5 84-74-2	15-40 10-30 .5 - 1.5 .5 - 1.5 5 - 10 .1 - 1 30-60 3 - 7 1 - 5 15-40	HARMFUL IN INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT CAUSES IRRITATION HARMFUL IN INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT HARMFUL IN INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT HARMFUL IN INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT	ACUTE ACUTE CHRONIC ACUTE ACUTE ACUTE ACUTE ACUTE ACUTE	150 PPM 200 PPM 50 PPM 50 PPM 250 PPM 400 PPM 100 PPM 5 Mg/M3	TLV TLV PROV. TLV TLV TLV TLV TLV TLV	POISON ANEMIA	
SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA								
ODOUR AND APPEARANCE	PH VALUE	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME			EVAPORATION RATE			
ESTER		73%			GREATER THAN BUTYL ACETATE			
STRAW COLOUR BOILING POINT 64°C	VOC 671 g/L	FREEZING POINT °C			SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.933			
SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION / FLASHPOINT HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS								
Class 3, Division 2	5 °C	CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE						
Citos of Division 2	TAG CUP	ENTINGUISHING MEDIA						
		Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or any class B extinguishing agent						
UNICIDAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS								

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Vapours may ignite explosively. Vapours may spread long distances. Prevent build-up of vapours. Extinguish all pilot lights and turn off heaters, non-explosion-proof electrical equipment and all other sources of ignition. Keep away from and do not store or use near heat, sparks or flames caused by such sources as electricity, static discharge, welding, grinding or flamecutting operation. Ground all equipment. Use spark-proof tools and conductive shoes to avoid sparking hazards.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES

Exposure to vapours or products of combustion should be avoided. Self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended. Vapours may form an explosive mixture with air. Closed containers may rupture when exposed to extreme heat.

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SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA: TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES AND FIRST AID ME.	ASURES 1C129
ACUTE EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDUES
INHALATION: Excessive exposure to vapours or spray mists can result in headache, dizziness, incoordination and loss of consciousness. Irritation of the eyes, nose, throat and lucan also occur when exposed to high vapour concentrations. Some reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent nervous system damage.	INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air. Restore breathing. Treat symptomatically. Consult a physician. SPLASH (EYES): Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Take to a physician for medical treatment. SPLASH (SKIN): Wash affected areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated
EYE CONTACT: This material can cause eye irritation. The effects are usually reversible. SKIN CONTACT: This material may cause defatting and irritation of skin (Dermatitis) upon prolonge repeated contact.	clothing.
INGESTION: Swallowing can cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and loss of consciousness.	symptomatically.
CHRONIC EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	IRRITANT SENSITIZER
n/av	YES: Skin and Eye YES: Skin
SECTION VI - REACTIVITIY DATA	
STABILITY:	HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATIONS:
Stable	Will not occur
INCOMPATABILITY: (Materials to avoid)	CONDITIONS TO AVOID:
Oxidizing compounds	Vapour concentrations
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: None known	Ignition sources
SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES	THA CET DISPOSAL METHOD
STEPS TO BE TAKEN in case material is Released or Spilled	WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD
Restrict access to area. Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Absorb spill with an absorbe such as vermiculite or sand and place material into a closed container. If a large spill, dike area to prematerial from entering water systems or sewers. Wear protective equipment during cleanup.	ont material Dispose of this material in accordance with Federal, Provincial, and event this Municipal regulations.
SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION	
PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT	
PROTECTIVE GLOVES:	EYE PROTECTION:
Chemical reistant gloves made of Viton should be used. Gloves made of nitrile, neoprene or rubber may be used for exposure of short duration.	Chemical safety goggles should be worn to prevent eye contact. A face shield may also be necessary.
	OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: An organic vapour cartridge respiratory mask shall be worn to prevent the inhalation of vapours or sp	Eye wash fountain and safety showers must be available in areas where this material is used. Wear protective clothing to prevent skin contact.
the TLB or PEL is exceeded. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete repiratory protection	ection program. ENGINEERING CONTROLS - VENTILATION:
Refer to the CSA Standard Z94.4 M1982 "Selection, Care and Use of Respirators" available from the Standard Association, Rexdale, Ontario. M9W 1R3	General (dilution) ventilation is required during normal use. Local exhaust ventilation may be required during certain operations to keep exposure level below the limit listed in Section II of this data sheet.
SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS	
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING	OTHER PRECAUTIONS
STORAGE: Keep storage area separate from populated work areas. Store in a cool, dry, well vent from incompatible materials and any source of ignition. Ventilation fans and electrical and the HANDLING: Avoid prolonged or repeated inhalation of vapours or spray mist. Avoid prolonged or equipment and container to prevent a static charge build-up. ATTENTION: Emptied containers may retain hazardous residue and explosive vapours. Keep away	equipment should be non-sparking. repeated skin contact. Ground and bond