Date of Preparation: January 2, 2013

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Use in case of an emergency only (613) 996-6666

SECTION I - PRODUCT AND PREPARATION INFORMATION

777 McKay Road Pickering, ON L1W 3A3 TRADE NAME: MANUFAC. CODE: VC180 PRIMER PURPLE

4T181

4T181

ADVANCED CHEMISTRY SOLUTIONS	(905) 683-0411	Pr	repared by: Technical Committee		PRODUCT CLAS		FLAMMABLE LIQ. NOS CLASS 3 UN 1993 PACKING GROUP II $B2\ D2B$
SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS							
INGREDIENT	CAS NO.	%	NATURE OF HEALTH HAZARD AND ROUTE OF ENTRY	TYPE OF HAZARD	EXPOSURE LIMIT	SOURCE	OTHER HAZARDS
METHYL ETHYL KETONE CYCLOHEXANONE TETRAHYDROFURAN ISO PROPYL ALCOHOL TOLUOL NON-HAZARDOUS	78-93-3 108-94-1 109-99-9 67-63-0 108-88-3	30-60 10-30 40-70 < .1 < .1	HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT CAUSES IRRITATION HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT	ACUTE ACUTE ACTUE ACUTE ACUTE	200 PPM 25 PPM 200 PPM 400 PPM 100 PPM	TLV TLV TLV TLV TLV	
SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA	•						
ODOUR AND APPEARANCE	PH VALUE		PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME		EVAPORATIO	N RATE	
ACETATE KETONE			100%		GREATER THA	AN BUTYL A	ACETATE
CLEAR			VOC LEVEL 550 g/L				

FREEZING POINT

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 0.855

SECTION IV - FIRE AND I	EXPLOSION HAZARDS
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BOILING POINT

66 °C

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION/	FLASHPOINT
Class 3, Division 2	14-°C
	TAG CUP

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or any class B extinguishing agent

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Vapours may ignite explosively. Vapours may spread long distances. Prevent build-up of vapours. Extinguish all pilot lights and turn off heaters, non-explosion-proof electrical equipment and all other sources of ignition. Keep away from and do not store or use near heat, sparks or flames caused by such sources as electricity, static discharge, welding, grinding or flamecutting operation. Ground all equipment. Use spark-proof tools and conductive shoes to avoid sparking hazards.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES

Exposure to vapours or products of combustion should be avoided. Self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended. Vapours may form an explosive mixture with air. Closed containers may rupture when exposed to extreme heat.

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SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA: TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES AND FIRST AID MEASURES	4T181				
ACUTE EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDUES				
INHALATION: Excessive exposure to vapours or spray mists can result in headache, dizziness, incoordination and loss of consciousness. Irritation of the eyes, nose, throat and lungs can also occur when exposed to high vapour concentrations. Some reports have	INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air. Restore breathing. Treat symptomatically. Consult a physician. SPLASH (EYES): Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes.				
associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with	Take to a physician for medical treatment.				
permanent nervous system damage.	SPLASH (SKIN): Wash affected areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated				
EYE CONTACT: This material can cause eye irritation. The effects are usually reversible.	clothing.				
SKIN CONTACT: This material may cause defatting and irritation of skin (Dermatitis) upon prolonged or repeated contact.	INGESTION: Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water to dilute. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Consult a physician or Poison Control center immediately. Treat				
INGESTION: Swallowing can cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and loss of consciousness.	symptomatically.				
TWOLD HON. Swallowing can cause mausea, volinting, diarries and loss of consciousness.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
CHRONIC EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	IRRITANT SENSITIZER				
n/av	YES: Skin and Eye YES: Skin				
SECTION VI - REACTIVITIY DATA					
STABILITY:	HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATIONS:				
Stable	Will not occur				
INCOMPATABILITY: (Materials to avoid)	CONDITIONS TO AVOID:				
Oxidizing compounds	Vapour concentrations				
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	Ignition sources				
None known					
SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES	NA CTE DICHOCAL METHOD				
STEPS TO BE TAKEN in case material is Released or Spilled	WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD				
Restrict access to area. Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Absorb spill with an absorbent material such as vermiculite or sand and place material into a closed container. If a large spill, dike area to prevent this	Dispose of this material in accordance with Federal, Provincial, and Municipal regulations.				
material from entering water systems or sewers. Wear protective equipment during cleanup.	iviunicipai regulations.				
SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT					
PROTECTIVE GLOVES:	EYE PROTECTION:				
Chemical reistant gloves made of Viton should be used. Gloves made of nitrile, neoprene or					
rubber may be used for exposure of short duration.	Chemical safety goggles should be worn to prevent eye contact. A face shield may also be necessary.				
	OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:				
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	Eye wash fountain and safety showers must be available in areas where this material is used. Wear protective				
An organic vapour cartridge respiratory mask shall be worn to prevent the inhalation of vapours or spray mist when	clothing to prevent skin contact.				
the TLB or PEL is exceeded. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete repiratory protection program.	ENGINEERING CONTROLS - VENTILATION:				
Refer to the CSA Standard Z94.4 M1982 "Selection, Care and Use of Respirators" available from the Candadian Standard Association, Rexdale, Ontario. M9W 1R3	General (dilution) ventilation is required during normal use. Local exhaust ventilation may be required during				
I Standard Association, Readale, Ontano. INSW 113	certain operations to keep exposure level below the limit listed in Section II of this data sheet.				
SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS					
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING	OTHER PRECAUTIONS				
STORAGE: Keep storage area separate from populated work areas. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, out of direct si					
from incompatible materials and any source of ignition. Ventilation fans and electrical equipment should be non-sparking.					
HANDLING: Avoid prolonged or repeated inhalation of vapours or spray mist. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Ground and bond					
equipment and container to prevent a static charge build-up.					
ATTENTION: Emptied containers may retain hazardous residue and explosive vapours. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Do not cut					
puncture or weld near this container. Follow label warning until container is thoroughly cleaned or destroyed.					