MATERIAL SAFETY **DATA SHEET**

Date of Preparation: January 2, 2013

Use in case of an emergency only (613) 996-6666

SECTION I - PRODUCT AND PREPARATION INFORMATION

777 McKay Road

Pickering, Ontario

TRADE NAME: MANUFAC. CODE: **C4 CPVC SOLVENT CEMENT**

10C4

10C4

SCHWARTZ ADVANCED CHEMISTRY SOLUTIONS	L1W 3A3 (9	9411 epared by: Technical Committee		PRODUCT CLASS: WHIMIS CLASS:		ADHESIVE CLASS 3 UN 1133 PACKING GROUP II B2 D2B		
SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS INGREDIENT	CAS NO.	%	NATURE OF HEALTH HAZARD AND ROUTE OF ENTRY	TYPE OF HAZARD	EXPOSURE LIMIT	SOURCE	OTHER HAZARDS	
CYCLOHEXANONE TETRHAHYDROFURAN CPVC RESIN (Non-Hazardous) AMORPHOUS FUMED SILICA (Non-Hazardous)	108-94-1 109-99-9 68648-82-8 112945-52-5		HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT HARMFUL IF INHALED, IRRITANT SKIN CONTACT Not Available Not Available	ACUTE ACUTE	25 PPM 200 PPM	TLV TLV		
SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA								
ODOUR AND APPEARANCE	PH VALUE	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME			EVAPORATION RATE			
KETONE			83% GREATER THAN BUTYL ACETATE				ACETATE	
CLEAR BOILING POINT 66 °C			VOC LEVEL 490 g/L FREEZING POINT SPECIFIC GRAVITY $^{\circ}\text{C} 0.96$					
SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS								
FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION/	FLASHPOINT -18 °C	HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS WHEN FORCED TO BURN, THIS PRODUCT GIVES OUT CARBON MONOXIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE, HYDROGEN CHLORIDE AND SMOKE						
Class 3, Division 2	-18 °C	WHEN FORCED TO BURN, THIS PRODUCT GIVES OUT CARBON MONOAIDE, CARBON DIOXIDE, HYDROGEN CHLORIDE AND SMORE ENTINGLISHING MEDIA						

TAG CUP

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide or any class B extinguishing agent

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Vapours may ignite explosively. Vapours may spread long distances. Prevent build-up of vapours. Extinguish all pilot lights and turn off heaters, non-explosion-proof electrical equipment and all other sources of ignition. Keep away from and do not store or use near heat, sparks or flames caused by such sources as electricity, static discharge, welding, grinding or flamecutting operation. Ground all equipment. Use spark-proof tools and conductive shoes to avoid sparking hazards.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES

Exposure to vapours or products of combustion should be avoided. Self-contained breathing apparatus is recommended. Vapours may form an explosive mixture with air. Closed containers may rupture when exposed to extreme heat.

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SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA: TOXICOLOGICAL PROPERTIES AND FIRST AID MEASURES	10C4						
ACUTE EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDUES						
INHALATION: Excessive exposure to vapours or spray mists can result in headache, dizziness, incoordination and loss of consciousness. Irritation of the eyes, nose, throat and lungs	INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air. Restore breathing. Treat symptomatically. Consult a physician.						
can also occur when exposed to high vapour concentrations. Some reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with	SPLASH (EYES): Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Take to a physician for medical treatment.						
permanent nervous system damage.	SPLASH (SKIN): Wash affected areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated						
EYE CONTACT: This material can cause eye irritation. The effects are usually reversible.	clothing.						
SKIN CONTACT: This material may cause defatting and irritation of skin (Dermatitis) upon prolonged or repeated contact.	INGESTION: Drink 1 or 2 glasses of water to dilute. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Consult a physician or Poison Control center immediately. Treat						
INGESTION: Swallowing can cause nausea, vomiting, diarrhea and loss of consciousness.	symptomatically.						
CHRONIC EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	IRRITANT SENSITIZER						
n/av	YES: Skin and Eye YES: Skin						
SECTION VI - REACTIVITIY DATA	THE STATE OF THE S						
STABILITY:	HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATIONS:						
Stable INCOMPATABILITY: (Materials to avoid)	Will not occur CONDITIONS TO AVOID:						
Oxidizing compounds	Vapour concentrations						
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	Ignition sources						
None known							
SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES							
STEPS TO BE TAKEN in case material is Released or Spilled	WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD						
Restrict access to area. Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area. Absorb spill with an absorbent material such as vermiculite or sand and place material into a closed container. If a large spill, dike area to prevent this material from entering water systems or sewers. Wear protective equipment during cleanup.	Dispose of this material in accordance with Federal, Provincial, and Municipal regulations.						
SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION							
PERSONAL PROTECTION EQUIPMENT PROTECTIVE GLOVES:	EYE PROTECTION:						
Chemical reistant gloves made of Viton should be used. Gloves made of nitrile, neoprene or rubber may be used for exposure of short duration.	Chemical safety goggles should be worn to prevent eye contact. A face shield may also be necessary.						
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:						
An organic vapour cartridge respiratory mask shall be worn to prevent the inhalation of vapours or spray mist when	Eye wash fountain and safety showers must be available in areas where this material is used. Wear protective clothing to prevent skin contact.						
the TLB or PEL is exceeded. If respiratory protection is required, institute a complete repiratory protection program. Refer to the CSA Standard Z94.4 M1982 "Selection, Care and Use of Respirators" available from the Candadian	ENGINEERING CONTROLS - VENTILATION:						
Standard Association, Rexdale, Ontario. M9W 1R3	General (dilution) ventilation is required during normal use. Local exhaust ventilation may be required during certain operations to keep exposure level below the limit listed in Section II of this data sheet.						
SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS							
PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING	OTHER PRECAUTIONS						
STORAGE: Keep storage area separate from populated work areas. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, out of direct su from incompatible materials and any source of ignition. Ventilation fans and electrical equipment should be non-							
HANDLING: Avoid prolonged or repeated inhalation of vapours or spray mist. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin contact. Ground and bond equipment and container to prevent a static charge build-up.							
ATTENTION: Emptied containers may retain hazardous residue and explosive vapours. Keep away from heat, sparks and flames. Do not cut							
puncture or weld near this container. Follow label warning until container is thoroughly cleaned or destroyed.							